Welcome!



Water Source



n

Overview of Water Supply June 8, 2022

Matthew Mostoller Assistant District Manager





Acton Water District

- Chartered 1912
- Primary PWS in Acton
- Regulated by EPA, DEP, DPH, BOH
- 23 Groundwater Wells
- 4 Treatment Facilities
- ~135 Miles Water Main
- 4 Storage Tanks
- 1.94M Gallons per day



What Am I Talking About?







More Photos to Move Us Along!





Groundwater Recharge and Protection June 8, 2022

Erika Amir-Lin Acton Water Commissioner

> Acton Water Est. District



Our water comes from an aquifer



Image: groundwater.org

What is Recharge?

- All the water which reaches the aquifer
- Mostly rainwater and snowmelt, which move through the ground
- Surface water contributes also



Groundwater Protection

Threats:

- Contaminant releases
- Industrial activity
- Sewage
- Agricultural Drainage
- Stormwater
- Landfills

Protections:

- Pollution source control
- Strong environmental regulations
- Proper wastewater treatment
- Fertilizer and pesticide reduction programs
- Stormwater management
- Land use controls



Precipitation



Acton gets on average ~48" of precipitation per year...



... plus some water flows in from neighboring towns.

Water Westfo Protection Zone 2 Littleton Actor Riv Forty-eight inches per year on average is a generous amount compared to many parts of the nation.



However, many years are far from average...

D4 - Exceptional Drought



D4 - Exceptional Wet

Source: NOAA Drought.gov Historical Data & Conditions

2016 in Acton



Looking ahead: future impacts of climate change June 8, 2022





What is Resilience?



Examples of water resiliency planning



Stormwater management-

improve water quality, control toxic algal blooms, lower cost of treating water, and improve fish habitat and health



Strengthen Social and Climate Resilience - educate local residents about climate impacts and community and emergency preparedness



Sustainable Landscaping - green infrastructure such as bioswales and rain gardens can be an effective solution for managing runoff, protecting our waterways, and beautifying our neighborhoods



Your Water Use

Household Water Consumption June 8, 2022

Lucy Kirshner Green Acton Water Committee







Water Conservation and Efficiency June 8, 2022

Alexandra Wahlstrom Environmental Analyst





What *motivates* us to conserve?

- Financial implications
- Water quality considerations,
 - PFAS
 - 1,4-dioxane
- Infrastructure impacts
- Climate resiliency
 - Drought conditions
- Environmental stewardship







Wright-Pierce Vaterline Industr Contract No. 1 Acton Water District



Water-savings Resources



Free Efficiency Evaluations for residential AWD customers!



Importance of Water Conservation

LIMITED RESOURCES

Rebates

Indoor Tips

Outdoor Tips

Water Wise Garder

Irrigation Regulation

Outdoor Watering Restrictions

Lawn Tips

Actors for andvater supplies are a limited resours. The Actor Water District daws its water from a few medium-yield againer. Actor das on those the weak to full high-yield againers ad o some nearby towns. Forty percent of the District's supply was temporarily tost in 1977 due to organic chemical contamination of two of the District's vestical. Altorough denui poil the site and treatment of the weaks have allowed these sources to come back on-line, this incident emphasized the importance of both ongoing source water protection and comeration efforts.

WATER WITHDRAWAL RESTRICTIONS



look for



Mail to: Rebate Processing, Acton Water District, P.O. Box 953, Acton, MA 01720

Conservation and Efficiency Successes







Down the Drain

Workings and Maintenance of Sewers and Septic Systems



Waste water Solutions

- Pay for someone else to take your waste water, sewer
- Take care of your own waste water, septic system
- Outline
 - Sewer and Septic system operation
 - Septic system maintenance

Workings Sewer

Chemically and physically controlled treatment



Adam Street Sewer

Purpose to remove from waste water:

- Pathogens
- Nitrogen both ammonia and nitrate
- Phosphate

Waste water treatment procedure:

- 1. Use piping and pumping stations to deliver waste water from homes and businesses to waste water treatment plant
- 2. Cycle the waste water between anaerobic an aerobic environments to reduce nitrogen concentration
- 3. Add aluminum salt to settle solids and bind phosphate to the sludge and remove resulting sludge
- 4. Adjust pH
- 5. Filter water to remove any remaining solids
- 6. Disinfect waste water with UV radiation.
- 7. Discharge treated water into a rapid filtration bed

Workings of a Septic System

Natural Solution, no electricity, chemicals, pumps, or personnel



Protect Your Septic System

Nature's Solution, needs your help

Septic Systems installed since Title 5, 1995, have project life times of

60 to 80 years if maintained [5,6].

Two common failures [7-9] and one environmental impact

1. Sludge or scum and oil entering the leaching field

Solutions:

Pump your septic tank [10], Town requires once ever two years [11].

Minimize oils and grease introduction in septic system

Don't run the washing machine, dish washer and bath tub at the same time

2. Leaching field becomes impermeable from trees roots or bio-mat sealing off the field **Solutions:**

Keep deep rooting plants and trees away from the field Minimize water and organic material into the system, don't feed the bio-mat

3. Never flush medicine or hazardous materials into the sewer or a septic system. Deposit unwanted medications at Acton Police Department and hazardous materials at Hazard Waste Day at the Town's Transfer Station [12].



Links and Info Being entered into chat. Will also be posted on Green Acton website: issues->water

Q and A

Please enter questions in the chat or email to water-contact@greenacton.org

Thank you for participating!!!